IMPACT OF VENOUS THROMBOEMBOLISM PRESENCE AT THE TIME OF NEPHRECTOMY FOR RENAL CELL CARCINOMA ON COMPLICATIONS, COSTS, AND SURVIVAL

HV Patel¹, J Sterling¹, A Srivastava¹, TL Jang¹, MS Grandhi², DA August², SA Rahimi³, BI Chung⁴, SL Chang⁵, EA Singer¹

¹Section of Urologic Oncology, Rutgers Cancer Institute of New Jersey and Rutgers Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, New Brunswick, NJ ²Division of Surgical Oncology, Rutgers Cancer Institute of New Jersey and Rutgers Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, New Brunswick, NJ

³Division of Vascular Surgery, Rutgers Robert Wood Johnson Medical School, New Brunswick, NJ

RUTGERS Cancer Institute

of New Jersey

⁴Department of Urology, Stanford University Medical Center, Stanford, CA

⁵Division of Urology, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts 🐻

BRIGHAM HEALTH BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSPITAL

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Introduction

- Venous thromboembolism (VTE) such as pulmonary embolism (PE) or deep venous thrombosis (DVT) are often seen with advanced malignancy
- Presence of bland IVC or renal vein thrombus at the time of nephrectomy for renal cancer is associated with worse outcomes
- Impact of VTE at time of nephrectomy remains to be understood
- We evaluated the complications, costs, and mortality associated with VTE at time of nephrectomy

Patients & Methods

- Database: Premier Healthcare database
- Inclusion: patients undergoing elective radical (RN) or partial nephrectomy (PN) for renal mass
- <u>Exclusion</u>: patients with renal vein thrombus and/or IVC thrombus
- <u>n</u>: 122,342 patients
- Subgroups: with or without VTE
- <u>Endpoints</u>: 90-day non-fatal Minor (Clavien 1-2) vs Major (Clavien 3-4) complication rates, Mortality rates, direct hospital cost (2019 \$)
- <u>Analysis</u>: multivariable logistic regression and quantile regression models adjusting for patient, hospital and surgical characteristics

Results

- 83,692 patients underwent RN and 38,650 patients underwent PN
- Predicted probability of 90-day minor complications in patients with VTE is significantly higher than patients with no VTE (Figure 1) PN: 36.9% (+VTE) vs 22.5% (-VTE), p< 0.001
 RN: 34.2% (+VTE) vs 21.1% (-VTE), p< 0.001
- Predicted probability of 90-day major complications in patients with VTE is significantly higher than patients with no VTE (Figure 1) PN: 21.5% (+VTE) vs 5.0% (-VTE), p< 0.001 RN: 10.6% (+VTE) vs 5.2% (-VTE), p< 0.001
- Predicted probability of 90-day mortality in patients with VTE is significantly higher than patients with no VTE (Figure 1) PN: 1.3% (+VTE) vs 0.3% (-VTE), vs 0.001 RN: 2.6% (+VTE) vs 1.0% (-VTE), p< 0.001
- Predicted probability of 90-day median costs in patients with VTE is significantly higher than patients with no VTE

PN: \$19,338 (+VTE) vs \$13,694 (-VTE), p< 0.001 RN: \$24,648 (+VTE) vs \$13,951 (-VTE), p< 0.001



Figure 1: Predicted probability of complications for patients with VTE undergoing nephrectomy

Conclusions

- VTE at the time of nephrectomy for renal mass is associated with significantly higher rates of non-fatal minor and major complications
- VTE at the time of nephrectomy increases the risk of mortality
- VTE at the time of nephrectomy increases the cost of care

Discussion

 Given the increased risk of complications and mortality, patients with VTE at the time of nephrectomy should receive specific counseling and management to help mitigate complications and mortality

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